

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1898

NUMBER 248

## VICTORIA CAPTURED

Queen of England Surrenders to the American Girl.

## A GRACIOUS CONCESSION

OUR MAIDENS MAKE GOOD WIVES FOR THE NOBILITY.

Was Alarmed at First, But Her Fears Have Been Allayed—Social Gallies of the Week at London—Attack On Christian Science and Quackery—Curzon Off For India.

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London, Nov. 12.—The social gallies of the week centered in two big parties, the Duke of Portland's at Welbeck and the Duke of Newcastle's at his mansion in Clumber park. Two splendid balls were given, the house parties of Welbeck and Clumber exchanging visits. The Duke of Portland's guests included the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Lord and Lady Curzon of Kedleston, Mr. A. J. Balfour and Lady Randolph Churchill, while Mr. Henry White, the United States charge d'affaires, ran down for Wednesday's ball at Clumber, returning to town in time to attend the quiet dinner for the repulse of the soul of Lady Curzon on Friday, which was a very impressive function.

The Prince of Wales has been giving a man's house party at Sandringham and his birthday, on Nov. 9, was celebrated very quietly, owing to the recent death of the Queen of Denmark. The usual dinner to the people employed on his estate was omitted, but each family was given a quantity of provisions instead.

The prince is now well enough to take part in the shooting which is about to commence at Sandringham. He only occasionally needs the aid of a stick in walking and intends to pass the winter quietly going to the continent until Easter.

The queen has moved the court from Balmoral to Windsor, where she will reside for about five weeks, thence going to Osborne, Isle of Wight.

It appears that her majesty recently expressed her views on the marriage of numbers of the English aristocracy with American girls. She confessed that she at first viewed these marriages with some anxiety, but added that her fears have since completely allayed and the queen now thinks that American girls, from the breadth of their education, independence and rapid changing life are better able to adapt themselves to a new environment than the more staid English girls. The queen also thinks it unfair to insinuate that mercenary motives are the frequent cause of the marriages of impoverished nobles to American heiresses.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE ATTACKED.**  
The revelations made at the inquest over the remains of Harold Frederic, correspondent of the New York Times, who died on Oct. 19, at Kanley, have aroused considerable feeling against Christian Science. Canon R. H. St. John, preaching in Westminster Abbey, attracted attention to this matter by a vehement protest against the growth of this and other "new religions," in a fashionable preacher and addresses a great social congregation, many of whom are well known to be Christian Scientists, who number among their recruits Lady Dunmore and Lady Abinger.

Canon Riton warmly denounced the greedy belief in quackery, which is now prevalent, and emphasized the fact that the spirit of credulity is growing with the enormous expansion of education and mechanical and scientific progress. He said: "Boston is the most cultured city of the most progressive nation in the world, yet parts of Boston are given up to mediums, wizards and astrologers."

As an instance of this, he said: "A party of women in Boston recently dressed themselves in white and sat up all night long waiting for the millennium. Yet the United States is a practical country."

A curious instance of muscular Christianity, arising out of a ritualistic controversy, has occurred in the parish church of Cleveland, Somersetshire, where the anti-ritualists proposed to interfere with the services. The vicar announced that in response to his suggestion he had received a gift of bells from Birmingham "knucklers," which, he added, he had distributed among the members of the choir and orchestra, enjoining them to use the "knuckle dusters" freely if any obstruction of the service was offered. The next Sunday, he added, that he himself had carried "knuckle dusters" for the past 26 years.

**DEPARTURE OF THE CURZONS.**  
Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the new viceroy of India, and Lady Curzon start for India on Dec. 18. They evidently intend to make a lavish beginning of their hospitality, as they have already ordered 15,000 ball programmes, 5,000 evening party cards, 1,500 garden party cards, 2,000 dinner party invitation cards, 5,500 "at home" cards and 1,300 menu cards.

It appears that before assuming the title young Curzon called upon Baron Curzon, the title borne by Earl Howe, head of the Curzon-Howe family, and asked him if he objected to his so doing. The Baron said he had no objection if Curzon undertook to be known as Baron Curzon of Kedleston, and allow the title to drop when he succeeds his father as Lord Scarsdale. The long-expected "Life of Parnell," by Barry O'Brien, was published this week by Smith & Elder, and has been lengthily reviewed by the English press. It is generally admitted that Mr. O'Brien has done his work well and impartially. But the volumes are none the less disappointing, as they are more in the nature of a political tract than a Boswellian portrait. There are, however, some interesting revelations in regard to the Clan-na-gael, which, it appears, sent an agent to London in the spring of 1878 to discuss the question of union with Mr. Parnell. But the conference came to nothing.

Mr. O'Brien says Mr. Parnell had the strongest sympathies with Fenianism, but was resolved "not to be managed by Fenians, nor aided by any force whatever."

In another place Mr. O'Brien says: "It is idle to shirk the truth. The National League of America was run by revolutionists, who were held in check, so far as they were held in check at all, by the fact that they had Parnell to deal with."

**McKinley's Generosity.**  
Kokomo, Ind., Nov. 12.—Mrs. James Jones has received a letter from President McKinley. Her husband was the artilleryman killed by the premature discharge of a cannon in saluting the

## PROTECTION AGAINST COLONIES.

American Producers Fear Competition of the Philippines.

## AN ADDITIONAL LIEUTENANT

FOR EACH COMPANY.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Adjutant General Corbin has issued his annual report to the secretary of war. It contains much of a statistical nature about the armies of the United States, including the regular and volunteer branches. General Corbin says: "Since the signing of the protocol, the officers and men of the volunteer regiments have remained at their posts of duty, in most cases at great personal sacrifice. That they have done this cheerfully and without complaint makes it all the more desirable that a speedy increase of the regular army be provided for, in order that the volunteers may be released from further service and be allowed to return to their peaceful vocations."

## ESTIMATES ON WHEAT CROP

OFFICIAL STATISTICS ON THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION.

Russia Leads, With Over Four Hundred Million Bushels—Rye, Barley and Other Crops—Fruit Yield.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Statistician Hyde of the agricultural department has completed the official statistics of the crops of the world for the month and a revised review of the world's wheat is an important factor. Thus, the Russian wheat crop is now put by the statistician at 417,000,000 Winchester bushels, an increase of 20,000,000 over the Hungarian official estimate. An estimate believed to be better, rather than above the actual yield, is credited to the Hungarian agricultural ministry, estimating the Hungarian wheat crop at 132,277,200 bushels of 60 pounds.

An estimate, said to be the preliminary official one, puts the German wheat crop at 8,000,000 bushels more than the 1897 crop, making it in round numbers 116,000,000 bushels of 60 pounds.

The official estimate of the Italian wheat crop puts it at 122,277,200 Winchester bushels.

The latest estimates of the Spanish wheat crop are a little less than 97,000,000 Winchester bushels.

The London Times estimates the wheat crop of the United Kingdom at 75,500,000 Winchester bushels, considerably in excess of the estimate a month ago.

The official estimate for Roumania makes its wheat crop 58,456,394 Winchester bushels.

Official figures from Manitoba give its wheat crop as 26,728,838. Preliminary official figures make the crop of Ontario 23,027,973. As the wheat area of the two eastern provinces was much larger than in recent years, it seems likely that the total for Canada will reach the highest of last month's estimate of 200,000,000 imperial bushels.

Australia has suffered from drought, but this is now broken. If the Australian wheat crop should fall short of the Broomfield estimates, the largest, it may in any case equal or surpass the record, the very moderate estimates of the other two authorities last month. The Broomfield estimate was 54,000,000, and the other two were 47,000,000 and 40,000,000 bushels of 90 pounds, while the estimate of the Bulletin des Haies was 37,000,000 Winchester bushels.

Severe frosts have been reported from Argentina, but the latest accounts as to the outlook for the wheat crop in that country are not favorable.

As to other crops, the estimates for France for barley is 52,167,706 bushels; oats, 299,059,074 bushels.

The provisional estimate of the Russian agricultural ministry gives, in Winchester bushels: Winter wheat, 181,829,000; spring wheat, 275,111,000; rye, 71,738,000; barley, 320,141,000; oats, 606,861,000; maize, 42,759,000.

In Austria the cereal crops are generally satisfactory. The barley crop was somewhat deficient in quantity and quality, but the kernels were mostly full, heavy and of good color. The fruit crop, though good in the middle zone and in some districts of Silesia and West Galicia, is, on the whole, disappointing. The vintage in lower Austria exceeded the estimates and the quality was quite good.

In Kroat and the coast districts the yield was only medium, but the quality in general was satisfactory.

## BEET SUGAR OUTPUT.

Pacific Coast Production Larger Than Ever Before.

San Francisco, Nov. 12.—There will be more beet sugar produced in California during the coming year than ever before in its history. The Grand Jury adjourned today until Monday. Great pressure is being brought to bear by influential persons that nothing shall result from its investigation of the murder of the grand jury admitted today that such was the case. He indignantly declared that it was the intention of the grand jury to be affected by any outside pressure.

## FISH PACKING COMBINE.

Booth Company Incorporated With a Capital of \$5,000,000.

Chicago, Nov. 12.—Articles of incorporation of the A. Booth company were filed for record today. The capital stock of the company is set at \$5,000,000, with \$2,500,000 paid in. The business of the company is to engage in any line of enterprise connected with catching fish. This includes ship-owning, net-making, canning and growing and dealing in vegetables.

The principal stockholder of the company is William Booth, who is credited with holding 30,000 shares, out of 1,000,000 preferred securities issued. The preferred stock has been placed to earn a fixed dividend of 8 per cent. The rest of the stock is common. The life of the corporation is to be 99 years. The first board of directors will be William Veron Booth, Walter G. Robbins, E. D. Carter, W. J. Emerson, C. W. Minnoworth, J. L. Burton and A. Booth. The incorporators were Thomas S. Harper, Charles Lanman and W. G. Wood.

**Tin-plate Manufacturers Fail.**  
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 12.—Rahle, Smith & Co., manufacturers of tin plate at Presenton and Lampton streets, filed a deed of assignment today in the county clerk's office. Christopher Wright was named as assignee. The liabilities and assets are estimated at \$70,000 each. The plant employs about 100 people.

**To Prison For Life.**  
Santa Rosa, Cal., Nov. 12.—Hugh C. Griffin, 19 years old, was sentenced to life imprisonment today for train wrecking. Griffin had been stealing a ride and in order to get even with the conductor, broke a switch, throwing the engine from the track. Griffin is the son of eminently respectable parents.

## CORBIN WANTS MORE OFFICERS

AN ADDITIONAL LIEUTENANT FOR EACH COMPANY.

Many Companies During the War Had But One Officer Each—Proposed Increase in Regular Army.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Adjutant General Corbin has issued his annual report to the secretary of war. It contains much of a statistical nature about the armies of the United States, including the regular and volunteer branches. General Corbin says: "Since the signing of the protocol, the officers and men of the volunteer regiments have remained at their posts of duty, in most cases at great personal sacrifice. That they have done this cheerfully and without complaint makes it all the more desirable that a speedy increase of the regular army be provided for, in order that the volunteers may be released from further service and be allowed to return to their peaceful vocations."

General Corbin has the following to say concerning the increase of the regular army: "The organization of the cavalry, artillery and infantry regiments has stood the test of trial in battle and received the approval of those in command. The increase of the line of the army demanded by our new possessions should be by the addition of the necessary number of regiments organized as are now those in service. The number of officers should be increased by one first lieutenant to each troop, battery and company. This would enable the department to meet the demands to various details required by law and then leave the troops with the necessary number for their proper discipline and instruction, and would allow the appointment of sufficient generals and general staff officers, without destroying the efficiency of the army, as threatened by the reduction of the number of officers. The number of trained officers as herein provided for at the beginning of the present war would have saved lives and treasure, and would have increased the efficiency of the service. At the beginning of the present war some 400 officers were appointed to the staff and volunteer regiments. With these and for aides to the general staff and other duty absolutely required for the conduct of the war, absent from their commands, the regiments were sent to battle with scarcely more than one officer to the company. It is difficult now, with the sick and wounded officers, for the department to get one officer to the company. There have been two companies with but one officer. The increase proposed would in no way give a greater number of officers than required."

Officers serving in the West Indies and Philippines will, as a rule, be separated from their families, and their living expenses greatly increased. It is recommended that all officers below the rank of major, while so serving, shall have the pay and allowance of the higher grade.

General Corbin recommends that the men of national guard who entered the volunteer army be allowed to return and be re-admitted to their state organizations.

His advice to those who control the national guard is that at the yearly state encampments the men be made dependent for their subsistence on the army ration system, and that the state authorities on ration returns and cooked by the troops in precisely the same manner as in actual service in the field. This would give them the same self-reliance which characterizes the regular soldier on active duty.

General Corbin also recommends an increase in the pay of non-commissioned officers.

**VIRDEN STRIKE SETTLED.**  
Company Agrees to Pay the Regular State Scale.

Carlinville, Ill., Nov. 12.—The differences between the Chicago-Virden Coal company at Virden and Auburn and the striking miners have been settled, and the shafts will soon be in operation. The company agreed to pay the state scale of 50 cents per ton, but did not want to tear down the stockade. Finally the company accepted the offer of the miners that they would take it down and charge the company nothing for the labor.

Adjutant General Reese of Springfield notified Sheriff Davenport that the remaining troops guarding the Chicago-Virden Coal company's shaft at Virden, would be removed today, and asked him to send a number of deputies there to take the place of the soldiers left. Sheriff Davenport requested the adjutant general to keep the troops there until Sunday, as he would be better able to cope with the situation. Since the differences between the coal company and miners have been settled, troops are no longer needed.

The grand jury adjourned today until Monday. Great pressure is being brought to bear by influential persons that nothing shall result from its investigation of the murder of the grand jury admitted today that such was the case. He indignantly declared that it was the intention of the grand jury to be affected by any outside pressure.

**OGDEN'S NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.**

In order to answer the demands of a steadily increasing congregation for a more adequate church building, the Catholic ladies are at present interesting themselves in the completion of the new St. Joseph's church at Ogden. It will, when completed, be one of the most magnificent places of worship in the state. The foundation and basement was commenced in 1892, but owing to a lack of funds progress on the building has been very slow since that time. Bishop Scanlan has had the matter in charge and established a fund several years ago, the growth of which to this date, together with the proceeds of the ladies' festival, will insure the end desired, by next fall.

The church project will be two stories high and according to the original plans, drawn by Architect J. F. Collins, will be 100x50 feet in dimensions, and a handsome steeple will add to the attractiveness of the structure. The material used is a light gray stone from the quarry between Ogden and Echo. All the ornamental work will not at present be of an elaborate type, though the windows will be of stained glass. Thus far the cost has been between \$9,000 and \$10,000, and this amount, it is estimated, will be swelled to \$40,000.

A cut of the church, as it will appear, is here presented.

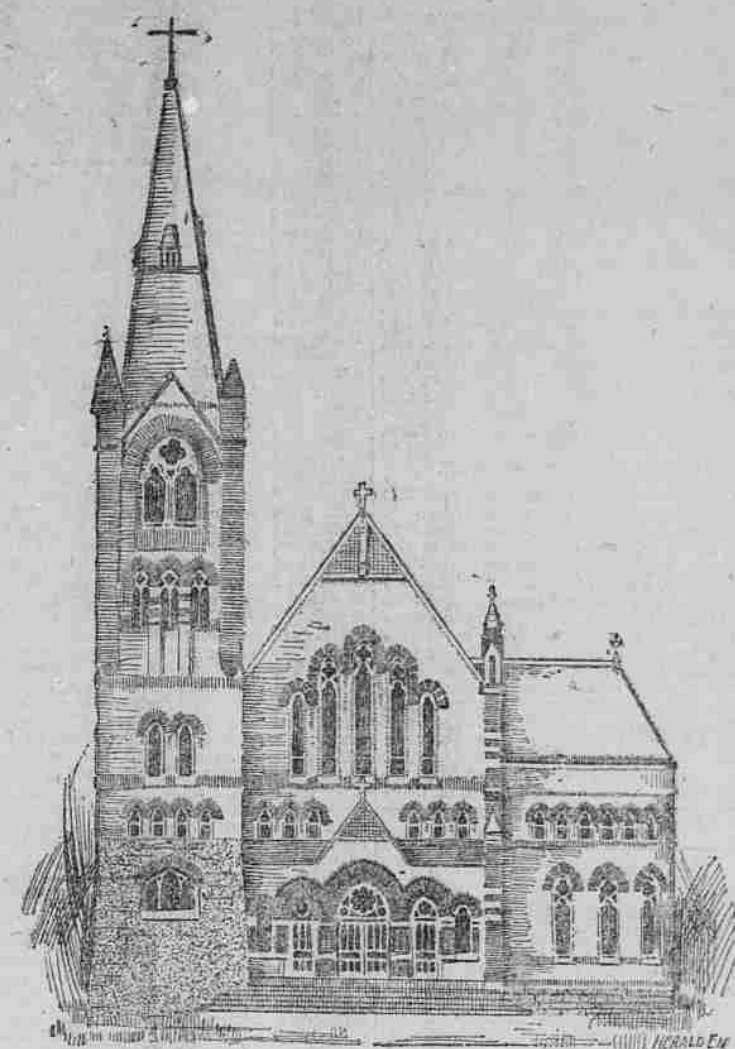
**FROM THE SALVATION ARMY.**

Getting Ready For the Annual Thanksgiving Dinner.

Our national Thanksgiving day will soon be upon us. To be thoroughly in keeping with the day, the local Salvation Army has decided to again serve a great free Thanksgiving dinner, but on a larger scale than in years previous. Last year 1,400 were served at the army dinner in the tunnel, while several hundred more were sent a dinner for Thanksgiving cheer. It can safely be said that thousands of the poor of this city were given a Thanksgiving day and a good heart cheer that otherwise would have had a rather cheerless Thanksgiving.

This year active preparations have been proceeding for some days past for the feeding of 2,000 at the old People's theatre, on Commercial street, and many more to be helped outside. Any it is intended that none of the deserving poor of this city shall miss a

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## MRS. BOTKIN'S HANDWRITING.

Expert Examines Note Sent With the Poisoned Candy.

San Francisco, Nov. 12.—Daniel Ames, the noted handwriting expert of New York, has arrived here and carefully examined the documents in the Botkin case. He is said to have declared that Mrs. Botkin wrote the note accompanying the drugged candy, and that she was also the author of the anonymous letters to Mrs. J. P. Dunning. His conclusions are stated to corroborate the evidence given by Expert Kyria before the grand jury. Mr. Dunning, ex-Congressman Pennington, the father of the two murdered women, and several other witnesses are expected here from the east within a few days. The case will be called in Judge Cook's department of the superior court today, and, it is understood, will be set for ten days hence. Chief of Police Lees says he will then be ready to go to trial.

The date of the trial of Mrs. Botkin has been set for Dec. 5. The indictment charging her with the murder of the two women, and when asked to answer the charge, replied, "Not guilty."

Chief of Police Lees has prepared a strong case against the accused woman, and confidently believes she will be convicted.

**Revision Needed.**  
(Indianapolis Journal.)

"A man can die for his country but once," said the court philosopher. "I presume," was the Chinese emperor's comment, "that you are quoting something written before my day."

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